JUNKO TABEI

Junko Tabei was the first woman to climb Mount Everest and the first woman to climb the highest mountain on each continent — the legendary Seven Summits. Growing up in the poverty of post-war Japan, Junko was a frail and small girl. To achieve her dreams, she had to overcome society's belief back then that women should be homemakers and nothing more.

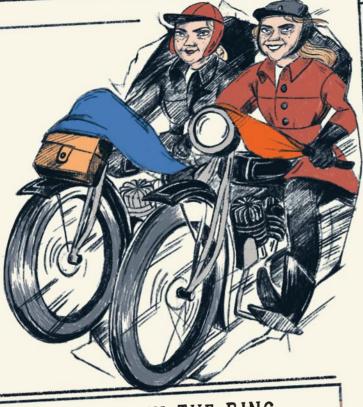


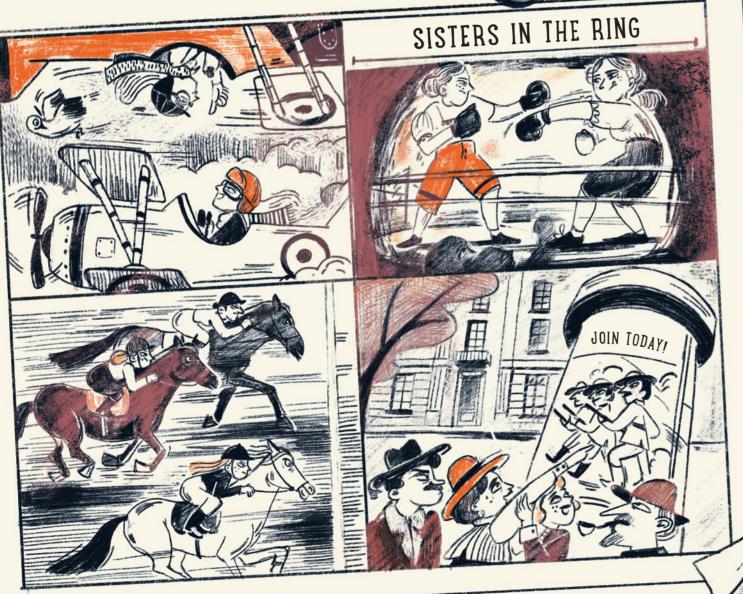




THE VAN BUREN SISTERS

Augusta and Adeline Van Buren, known as Gussie and Addie, were two sisters from New York eager to play their part in the First World War. They were both adventurous women, able to fly planes, fight in a boxing ring, race horses and ride motorbikes. The sisters would have joined the military in a heartbeat. But, in those days, women were not allowed to enlist. They set out to prove that this was a mistake.





s Europe exploded into the mayhem of the First World War, the United States looked on cautiously. It seemed only a matter of time before they would join the Allies. Back then, women were not allowed to vote and could not join the army. But Addie and Gussie Van Buren wanted to play their part in the war effort, not just stay at home as housewives. Although they weren't able

to enlist, the sisters decided they would make excellent motorcycle messengers, racing up and down the war zone carrying important communications. This would also free up men to fight on the battle lines. But first the sisters had to prove they had what it takes, so they came up with a bold plan...



AS GOOD AS MEN

Addie and Gussie decided to ride their motorbikes across the entire country, from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific in order to prove to the military that women were as capable as men. This was a hugely tough challenge. In the early 20th century, there were no paved motorways or decent road maps, and few places to find fuel or supplies. Not only would they have to navigate on dirt tracks, wagon trails and cow paths, they might also have to defend themselves from bandits on the road.

On 4 July 1916, Independence Day, the sisters began their 8,850km ride, setting off from New York dressed in leather trousers and jackets, goggles and leather caps (there were no helmets). Their motorbikes were basic, with no suspension or shock absorbers and tiny petrol tanks. But even with their limited equipment, they were determined that nothing would stop them from pursuing their goal.

INDEPENDENCE DAY!







heng He was a young Muslim boy growing up in the mountains of China in the 14th century. He was only 10 years old when his life was overtaken by war and his father was brutally killed. Poor Zheng He was captured and forced to become a servant to the Prince of Yan.

Over time, he gained the confidence of the prince, eventually becoming a military officer and adviser. By the time the prince became emperor, Zheng He was a very important member of the court. In 1405, he was commanded to launch a series of sea voyages to trade with China's neighbours and show off its power.



TRADING OVERSEAS

Ready for adventure, Zheng He set sail on his first voyage from Nanjing on the east coast of China. He sailed to Vietnam, Thailand and Java, before returning safely two years later. His second voyage took a similar route, though this time they destroyed a terrible pirate crew! The third voyage headed further afield, daringly crossing the Indian Ocean to Sri Lanka and India to set up valuable trading stations. The fourth voyage saw his treasure fleet

sail to ports on the coasts of Arabia and East Africa. Zheng He's ships left China loaded with goods, such as silk and porcelain, rice, tea and bronze, which they traded for textiles, spices, African ivory and Arabian horses. They also returned to China with creatures that had never been seen or even imagined before, like lions, giraffes, zebras and ostriches. People found it incredible to see these animals for the first time!





